

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

**CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): January 21, 2021 (**January 21, 2021**)

BankUnited, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State of Incorporation)

001-35039
(Commission File Number)

27-0162450
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

14817 Oak Lane, Miami Lakes, FL
(Address of principal executive offices)

33016
(Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code): **(305) 569-2000**

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Class
Common Stock, \$0.01 Par Value

Trading Symbol
BKU

Name of Exchange on Which Registered
New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On January 21, 2021, BankUnited, Inc. (the “Company”) reported its results for the quarter ended December 31, 2020. A copy of the Company’s press release containing this information and slides containing supplemental information related to this release are being furnished as Exhibit 99.1 and Exhibit 99.2, respectively, to this Current Report on Form 8-K and are incorporated herein by reference.

Item 8.01 Other Events

On January 20, 2021, the Company’s Board of Directors reinstated the share repurchase program that the Company suspended on March 16, 2020. Authorization to repurchase up to approximately \$44.9 million in shares of its outstanding common stock remains under the share repurchase program. Any repurchases under the program will be made in accordance with applicable securities laws from time to time in open market or private transactions. The extent to which the Company repurchases shares, and the timing of such repurchases, will depend upon a variety of factors, including market conditions, the Company’s capital position and amount of retained earnings, regulatory requirements and other considerations. No time limit was set for the completion of the share repurchase program, and the program may be suspended or discontinued at any time.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
99.1	Press release dated January 21, 2021
99.2	Supplemental information relating to the press release dated January 21, 2021

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Dated: January 21, 2021

BANKUNITED, INC.

/s/ Leslie N. Lunak

Name: Leslie N. Lunak

Title: Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
99.1	Press release dated January 21, 2021
99.2	Supplemental information relating to the press release dated January 21, 2021

BANKUNITED, INC. REPORTS 2020 RESULTS

Miami Lakes, Fla. — January 21, 2021 — BankUnited, Inc. (the “Company”) (NYSE: BKU) today announced financial results for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2020.

“Overall, this was an excellent quarter. We saw improvement in the economic outlook leading to a reduction in credit costs and continued to execute on our core strategy of improving the deposit mix, lowering the cost of funds and growing net interest income.” said Rajinder Singh, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer.

For the quarter ended December 31, 2020, the Company reported net income of \$85.7 million, or \$0.89 per diluted share, compared to \$66.6 million, or \$0.70 per diluted share, for the immediately preceding quarter ended September 30, 2020 and \$89.5 million, or \$0.91 per diluted share, for the quarter ended December 31, 2019. On an annualized basis, earnings for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 generated a return on average stockholders' equity of 11.6% and a return on average assets of 0.96%.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company reported net income of \$197.9 million, or \$2.06 per diluted share, compared to \$313.1 million, or \$3.13 per diluted share, for the year ended December 31, 2019. Results for the year ended December 31, 2020 were negatively impacted by the application of the Current Expected Credit Losses (“CECL”) accounting methodology, including the impact of COVID-19 on the provision for credit losses.

Financial Highlights

- Net interest income increased by \$5.9 million compared to the immediately preceding quarter ended September 30, 2020 and by \$8.1 million compared to the quarter ended December 31, 2019. The net interest margin, calculated on a tax-equivalent basis, was 2.33% for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 compared to 2.32% for the immediately preceding quarter. The net interest margin was 2.41% for the quarter ended December 31, 2019.
- The average cost of total deposits continued to decline, dropping by 0.14% to 0.43% for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 compared to 0.57% for the quarter ended September 30, 2020. The average cost of total deposits was 1.48% for the quarter ended December 31, 2019. On a spot basis, the average annual percentage yield (“APY”) on total deposits declined to 0.36% at December 31, 2020 from 0.49% at September 30, 2020 and 1.42% at December 31, 2019.
- For the quarter ended December 31, 2020, the Company recorded a net recovery of credit losses of \$1.6 million compared to a provision for credit losses of \$29.2 million for the immediately preceding quarter ended September 30, 2020. The reduction in the provision for credit losses reflected improvements in forecasted economic conditions, which offset the impact of some further downward risk rating migration and increases in specific reserves. The provision for credit losses was \$178.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2020. At December 31, 2020, the allowance for credit losses (“ACL”) was \$257 million, or 1.08% of the loan portfolio, compared to \$274 million, or 1.15% at September 30, 2020. The reduction in the ACL as a percentage of loans was attributable primarily to charge-offs taken during the quarter, coupled with the lower provision for credit losses.
- Pre-tax, pre-provision net revenue (“PPNR”) was \$105.3 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 compared to \$104.1 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2019 and \$115.1 million for the immediately preceding quarter ended September 30, 2020. PPNR for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 was impacted by year-end adjustments to certain compensation accruals. For the year ended December 31, 2020, PPNR improved to \$427.8 million from \$412.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2019.
- Average non-interest bearing demand deposits grew by \$966 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 compared to the immediately preceding quarter and by \$2.9 billion compared to the quarter ended December 31, 2019. At December 31, 2020, non-interest bearing demand deposits represented 25% of total deposits, compared to 18% of total deposits at December 31, 2019. Total deposits grew by \$899 million and \$3.1 billion during the quarter and year ended December 31, 2020, respectively, of which \$219 million and \$2.7 billion respectively was non-interest bearing. Higher cost time deposits continued to runoff, declining by \$1.1 billion and \$2.5 billion for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2020, respectively.

- Loans on deferral totaled \$207 million or less than 1% of total loans at December 31, 2020. Loans modified under the CARES Act totaled \$587 million at December 31, 2020. In the aggregate, this represents \$794 million or 3% of the total loan portfolio at December 31, 2020, down from \$3.6 billion or 15% of total loans that were granted an initial 90 day deferral as reported at the end of the second quarter. As of December 31, 2020, commercial loans on short-term payment deferral totaled \$63 million and commercial loans subject to CARES Act modifications totaled \$575 million or 3% of the total commercial portfolio. Residential loans still on deferral were \$144 million and those modified under the CARES Act were \$12 million, for a total of \$156 million or 2% of the residential portfolio at December 31, 2020.
- Book value per common share and tangible book value per common share at December 31, 2020 increased to \$32.05 and \$31.22, respectively, from \$31.01 and \$30.17, respectively at September 30, 2020 and \$31.33 and \$30.52, respectively at December 31, 2019.
- On January 20, 2021, the Company's Board of Directors reinstated the share repurchase program that the Company suspended on March 16, 2020. Authorization to repurchase up to approximately \$44.9 million in shares of its outstanding common stock remains under the share repurchase program. Any repurchases under the program will be made in accordance with applicable securities laws from time to time in open market or private transactions. The extent to which the Company repurchases shares, and the timing of such repurchases, will depend upon a variety of factors, including market conditions, the Company's capital position and amount of retained earnings, regulatory requirements and other considerations. No time limit was set for the completion of the share repurchase program, and the program may be suspended or discontinued at any time.

Loans and Leases

A comparison of loan and lease portfolio composition at the dates indicated follows (dollars in thousands):

	December 31, 2020		September 30, 2020		December 31, 2019	
Residential and other consumer loans	\$ 6,348,222	26.6 %	\$ 5,940,900	25.1 %	\$ 5,661,119	24.5 %
Multi-family	1,639,201	6.9 %	1,810,126	7.6 %	2,217,705	9.6 %
Non-owner occupied commercial real estate	4,963,273	20.8 %	4,910,835	20.7 %	5,030,904	21.7 %
Construction and land	293,307	1.2 %	263,381	1.1 %	243,925	1.1 %
Owner occupied commercial real estate	2,000,770	8.4 %	2,051,577	8.6 %	2,062,808	8.9 %
Commercial and industrial	4,447,383	18.6 %	4,427,351	18.6 %	4,655,349	20.1 %
PPP	781,811	3.3 %	829,798	3.5 %	—	— %
Pinnacle	1,107,386	4.6 %	1,157,706	4.9 %	1,202,430	5.2 %
Bridge - franchise finance	549,733	2.3 %	606,222	2.4 %	627,482	2.6 %
Bridge - equipment finance	475,548	2.0 %	530,516	2.2 %	684,794	3.0 %
Mortgage warehouse lending ("MWL")	1,259,408	5.3 %	1,250,903	5.3 %	768,472	3.3 %
	<u>\$ 23,866,042</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>\$ 23,779,315</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>\$ 23,154,988</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>
Operating lease equipment, net	\$ 663,517		\$ 676,321		\$ 698,153	

Growth in residential and other consumer loans for the quarter was mainly attributable to GNMA early buyout loans. At December 31, 2020, September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the residential portfolio included \$1.4 billion, \$1.1 billion and \$676 million, respectively, of GNMA early buyout loans. Residential activity for the quarter included purchases of approximately \$472 million in GNMA early buyout loans, offset by approximately \$142 million in re-rollovers and paydowns. Residential and other consumer loans, excluding GNMA early buyout loans, grew by approximately \$77 million.

In the aggregate, commercial loans declined by \$321 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 as the environment remained challenging for production and our approach to new lending remained disciplined. The largest decline was in the multi-family segment which decreased by \$171 million for the quarter, driven primarily by \$151 million in runoff of the New York portfolio. Loans and operating lease equipment at Bridge declined by a total of \$124 million during the quarter.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2020, the Company began processing forgiveness applications with the SBA, resulting in a \$48 million decline in PPP loans.

Mortgage warehouse commitments totaled \$2.1 billion at December 31, 2020, an increase of 60% compared to \$1.3 billion at December 31, 2019. Line utilization was 62% at December 31, 2020 compared to 59% at December 31, 2019.

Asset Quality and the Allowance for Credit Losses

The following table presents information about non-performing loans, loans on deferral and CARES Act modifications at December 31, 2020 (dollars in thousands):

	Non-Performing Loans	Currently Under Short-Term Deferral	CARES Act Modification
Residential and other consumer ⁽¹⁾	\$ 28,828	\$ 144,189	\$ 12,050
Commercial:			
CRE - Property Type:			
Retail	16,566	28,542	18,526
Hotel	35,390	1,055	343,492
Office	9,436	—	47,949
Multi-family	24,090	—	15,776
Other	7,379	1,789	—
Owner occupied commercial real estate	23,152	8,432	6,198
Commercial and industrial	54,584	2,191	117,836
Bridge - franchise finance	45,028	20,797	24,816
Total commercial	215,625	62,806	574,593
Total	\$ 244,453	\$ 206,995	\$ 586,643

(1) Excludes government insured residential loans.

In the table above, "currently under short-term deferral" refers to loans subject to either a first or second 90-day payment deferral at December 31, 2020 and "CARES Act modification" refers to loans subject to longer-term modifications that, were it not for the provisions of the CARES Act, would likely have been reported as TDRs. Non-performing loans may include some loans that have been modified under the CARES Act.

Non-performing loans totaled \$244.5 million or 1.02% of total loans at December 31, 2020, compared to \$200.3 million or 0.84% of total loans at September 30, 2020 and \$204.8 million or 0.88% of total loans at December 31, 2019. The largest increases in non-performing loans during the quarter ended December 31, 2020 were in the multi-family, franchise finance and residential sub-segments, while non-performing commercial and industrial loans declined. Non-performing loans included \$51.3 million, \$43.6 million and \$45.7 million of the guaranteed portion of SBA loans on non-accrual status, representing 0.22%, 0.18% and 0.20% of total loans at December 31, 2020, September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

The following table presents criticized and classified commercial loans at the dates indicated (in thousands):

	December 31, 2020	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Special mention	\$ 711,516	\$ 951,981	\$ 72,881
Substandard - accruing	1,758,654	1,376,718	180,380
Substandard - non-accruing	203,758	187,247	185,906
Doubtful	11,867	938	—
Total	\$ 2,685,795	\$ 2,516,884	\$ 439,167

The following table presents the ACL at the dates indicated, related ACL coverage ratios, as well as net charge-off rates for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	ACL	ACL to Total Loans	ACL to Non-Performing Loans	Net Charge-offs to Average Loans
December 31, 2019 (incurred loss)	\$ 108,671	0.47 %	53.07 %	0.05 %
January 1, 2020 (initial date of CECL adoption)	\$ 135,976	0.59 %	66.40 %	N/A
September 30, 2020 (expected loss)	\$ 274,128	1.15 %	136.86 %	0.25 %
December 31, 2020 (expected loss)	\$ 257,323	1.08 % (1)	105.26 %	0.26 %

(1) ACL to total loans, excluding government insured residential loans, PPP loans and MWL, which carry nominal or no reserves, was 1.26% at December 31, 2020.

The ACL at December 31, 2020 represents management's estimate of lifetime expected credit losses from the loan portfolio given our assessment of historical data, current conditions and a reasonable and supportable economic forecast as of the balance sheet date. The estimate was informed by Moody's economic scenarios published in December 2020, economic information provided by additional sources, data reflecting the impact of recent events on individual borrowers and other relevant information. The decline in the ACL from September 30, 2020 to December 31, 2020 related primarily to charge-offs taken during the quarter, coupled with the lower provision for credit losses.

For the quarter ended December 31, 2020, the Company recorded a net recovery of credit losses of \$1.6 million, which included a provision of \$1.2 million related to funded loans offset by a recovery of \$2.9 million related to unfunded loan commitments as well as immaterial components related to accrued interest receivable and an AFS debt security. The provision for credit losses reflected improvements in forecasted economic conditions, which largely offset the impact of risk rating migration and increases in certain specific reserves.

The following table summarizes the activity in the ACL for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Years Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Beginning balance	\$ 274,128	\$ 108,462	\$ 108,671	\$ 109,931
Cumulative effect of adoption of CECL	—	—	27,305	—
Balance after adoption of CECL	274,128	108,462	135,976	109,931
Provision (recovery)	1,244	(469)	182,339	8,904
Charge-offs	(18,848)	(3,556)	(69,602)	(17,541)
Recoveries	799	4,234	8,610	7,377
Ending balance	\$ 257,323	\$ 108,671	\$ 257,323	\$ 108,671

\$13.8 million of the charge-offs recognized during the quarter ended December 31, 2020 related to \$57.6 million of non-performing loans that were sold during the quarter, or held for sale at quarter-end.

Net interest income

Net interest income for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 was \$193.4 million compared to \$187.5 million for the immediately preceding quarter ended September 30, 2020 and \$185.3 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2019. While average interest earning assets have increased quarter-over-quarter and year-over-year, average interest bearing liabilities have continued to decline as average non-interest bearing demand deposits have grown.

Interest income decreased by \$3.5 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 compared to the immediately preceding quarter, and by \$58.3 million, compared to the quarter ended December 31, 2019. Interest expense decreased by \$9.3 million compared to the immediately preceding quarter and by \$66.3 million compared to the quarter ended December 31, 2019. Decreases in interest income resulted from declines in market interest rates including the impact of repayment of assets originated in a higher rate environment, partially offset by increases in average interest earning assets. Declines in interest expense reflected decreases in market interest rates, the impact of our strategy focused on lowering the cost of deposits and improving the deposit mix and declines in average interest bearing liabilities.

The Company's net interest margin, calculated on a tax-equivalent basis, increased by 0.01% to 2.33% for the quarter ended December 31, 2020, from 2.32% for the immediately preceding quarter ended September 30, 2020. Offsetting factors contributing to the increase in the net interest margin for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 compared to the immediately preceding quarter ended September 30, 2020 included:

- The average rate paid on interest bearing deposits decreased to 0.58% for the quarter ended December 31, 2020, from 0.75% for the quarter ended September 30, 2020. This decline reflected continued initiatives taken to lower rates paid on deposits in response to declines in general market interest rates and the re-pricing of term deposits. We expect the cost of interest bearing deposits to continue to decline; at December 31, 2020, approximately \$1.0 billion or 21% of the time deposit portfolio, with an average rate of 1.61%, has not yet repriced since March 2020 when the Fed last cut rates. The majority of these CDs will mature in the first quarter of 2021.

- The tax-equivalent yield on investment securities decreased to 1.82% for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 from 2.00% for the quarter ended September 30, 2020. This decrease resulted from the impact of purchases of lower-yielding securities, prepayments of higher yielding mortgage-backed securities and decreases in coupon interest rates on existing floating rate assets.
- The tax-equivalent yield on loans decreased to 3.55% for the quarter ended December 31, 2020, from 3.61% for the quarter ended September 30, 2020. Factors contributing to this decrease included the impact of runoff of loans originated in a higher rate environment, originations at lower prevailing market rates and interest income reversed on loans placed on non-accrual during the quarter.
- The average rate paid on FHLB and PPPLF borrowings increased to 2.07% for the quarter ended December 31, 2020, from 1.95% for the quarter ended September 30, 2020, reflecting the maturity of short-term, lower rate FHLB advances and the payoff of all PPPLF borrowings.
- The increase in average non-interest bearing demand deposits as a percentage of average total deposits also positively impacted the cost of total deposits and the net interest margin.

The Company's net interest margin, calculated on a tax-equivalent basis, was 2.35% for the year ended December 31, 2020, compared to 2.47% for the year ended December 31, 2019. The decline in the yield on interest earning assets outpaced the reduction in cost of interest bearing liabilities for the period. The offsetting factors discussed above with respect to the yields on loans and securities, the average rate paid on deposits and the growth in non-interest bearing demand deposits also impacted the net interest margin for the year ended December 30, 2020 compared to the prior year. Declines in market interest rates had a significant impact on year-over-year changes in yields earned on interest earning assets and rates paid on interest bearing liabilities.

Non-interest expense

Non-interest expense totaled \$123.3 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 compared to \$108.6 million for the immediately preceding quarter ended September 30, 2020 and \$119.0 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2019. Non-interest expense totaled \$457.2 million and \$487.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, a decline of approximately 6%.

- Compensation and benefits increased by \$12.5 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2020 compared to the immediately preceding quarter. This increase included an increase of \$6.6 million in variable compensation accruals related to stronger than initially anticipated operating results over the second half of the year; a \$2.2 million vacation accrual related to rollover vacation days provided to employees in response to COVID-19; and an increase of \$2.5 million in the accrual related to liability classified share awards stemming from an increase in the stock price.
- Cost reductions stemming from our BankUnited 2.0 initiative contributed to the declining trend in occupancy and equipment expense and other non-interest expense.
- The increasing trend in technology and telecommunications expense is reflective of investments in digital and data analytics capabilities and in the infrastructure to support cloud migration.
- The increasing trend in deposit insurance expense reflects an increase in the assessment rate.
- For the quarter and year ended December 31, 2020, non-interest expense included approximately \$2.8 million and \$4.8 million, respectively, in costs directly related to our response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Earnings Conference Call and Presentation

A conference call to discuss quarterly results will be held at 9:00 a.m. ET on Thursday, January 21, 2021 with Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, Rajinder P. Singh, and Chief Financial Officer, Leslie N. Lunak.

The earnings release and slides with supplemental information relating to the release will be available on the Investor Relations page under About Us on www.bankunited.com prior to the call. Due to recent demand for conference call services, participants are encouraged to listen to the call via a live Internet webcast at <http://ir.bankunited.com>. The dial in telephone number for the call is (855) 798-3052 (domestic) or (234) 386-2812 (international). The name of the call is BankUnited, Inc. and the conference ID for the call is 9281414. A replay of the call will be available from 12:00 p.m. ET on January 21st through 11:59 p.m. ET on January 28th by calling (855) 859-2056 (domestic) or (404) 537-3406 (international). The conference ID for the replay is 9281414. An archived webcast will also be available on the Investor Relations page of www.bankunited.com.

About BankUnited, Inc.

BankUnited, Inc., with total assets of \$35.0 billion at December 31, 2020, is the bank holding company of BankUnited, N.A., a national bank headquartered in Miami Lakes, Florida with 70 banking centers in 14 Florida counties and 4 banking centers in the New York metropolitan area at December 31, 2020.

Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that reflect the Company's current views with respect to, among other things, future events and financial performance.

The Company generally identifies forward-looking statements by terminology such as "outlook," "believes," "expects," "potential," "continues," "may," "will," "could," "should," "seeks," "approximately," "predicts," "intends," "plans," "estimates," "anticipates," "forecasts" or the negative version of those words or other comparable words. Any forward-looking statements contained in this press release are based on the historical performance of the Company and its subsidiaries or on the Company's current plans, estimates and expectations. The inclusion of this forward-looking information should not be regarded as a representation by the Company that the future plans, estimates or expectations contemplated by the Company will be achieved. Such forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties and assumptions, including (without limitations) those relating to the Company's operations, financial results, financial condition, business prospects, growth strategy and liquidity, including as impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. If one or more of these or other risks or uncertainties materialize, or if the Company's underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, the Company's actual results may vary materially from those indicated in these statements. These factors should not be construed as exhaustive. The Company does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or review any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise. A number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements. Information on these factors can be found in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and any subsequent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Current Report on Form 8-K, which are available at the SEC's website (www.sec.gov).

Contact
BankUnited, Inc.
Investor Relations:
Leslie N. Lunak, 786-313-1698
llunak@bankunited.com
Source: BankUnited, Inc.

BANKUNITED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS - UNAUDITED
(In thousands, except share and per share data)

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks:		
Non-interest bearing	\$ 20,233	\$ 7,704
Interest bearing	377,483	206,969
Cash and cash equivalents	397,716	214,673
Investment securities (including securities recorded at fair value of \$9,166,683 and \$7,759,237)	9,176,683	7,769,237
Non-marketable equity securities	195,865	253,664
Loans held for sale	24,676	37,926
Loans	23,866,042	23,154,988
Allowance for credit losses	(257,323)	(108,671)
Loans, net	23,608,719	23,046,317
Bank owned life insurance	294,629	282,151
Operating lease equipment, net	663,517	698,153
Goodwill and other intangible assets	77,637	77,674
Other assets	571,051	491,498
Total assets	<u>\$ 35,010,493</u>	<u>\$ 32,871,293</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities:		
Demand deposits:		
Non-interest bearing	\$ 7,008,838	\$ 4,294,824
Interest bearing	3,020,039	2,130,976
Savings and money market	12,659,740	10,621,544
Time	4,807,199	7,347,247
Total deposits	27,495,816	24,394,591
Federal funds purchased	180,000	100,000
FHLB advances	3,122,999	4,480,501
Notes and other borrowings	722,495	429,338
Other liabilities	506,171	486,084
Total liabilities	32,027,481	29,890,514
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 400,000,000 shares authorized; 93,067,500 and 95,128,231 shares issued and outstanding	931	951
Paid-in capital	1,017,518	1,083,920
Retained earnings	2,013,715	1,927,735
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(49,152)	(31,827)
Total stockholders' equity	2,983,012	2,980,779
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 35,010,493</u>	<u>\$ 32,871,293</u>

BANKUNITED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME - UNAUDITED
(In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended			Years Ended	
	December 31,	September 30,	December 31,	December 31,	
	2020	2020	2019	2020	2019
Interest income:					
Loans	\$ 207,232	\$ 208,646	\$ 242,642	\$ 864,175	\$ 981,408
Investment securities	42,260	44,604	62,006	193,856	280,560
Other	1,628	1,322	4,762	9,578	19,902
Total interest income	<u>251,120</u>	<u>254,572</u>	<u>309,410</u>	<u>1,067,609</u>	<u>1,281,870</u>
Interest expense:					
Deposits	29,290	37,681	88,289	199,980	385,180
Borrowings	28,464	29,412	35,810	115,871	143,905
Total interest expense	<u>57,754</u>	<u>67,093</u>	<u>124,099</u>	<u>315,851</u>	<u>529,085</u>
Net interest income before provision for credit losses	193,366	187,479	185,311	751,758	752,785
Provision for (recovery of) credit losses	(1,643)	29,232	(469)	178,431	8,904
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	<u>195,009</u>	<u>158,247</u>	<u>185,780</u>	<u>573,327</u>	<u>743,881</u>
Non-interest income:					
Deposit service charges and fees	4,569	4,040	4,150	16,496	16,539
Gain on sale of loans, net	2,425	2,953	1,899	13,170	12,119
Gain on investment securities, net	7,203	7,181	7,438	17,767	21,174
Lease financing	13,547	13,934	13,857	59,112	66,631
Other non-interest income	7,536	8,184	10,412	26,676	30,741
Total non-interest income	<u>35,280</u>	<u>36,292</u>	<u>37,756</u>	<u>133,221</u>	<u>147,204</u>
Non-interest expense:					
Employee compensation and benefits	60,944	48,448	55,744	217,156	235,330
Occupancy and equipment	11,797	12,170	13,697	48,237	56,174
Deposit insurance expense	6,759	5,886	4,142	21,854	16,991
Professional fees	2,937	2,436	2,621	11,708	20,352
Technology and telecommunications	16,052	15,435	13,334	58,108	47,509
Depreciation of operating lease equipment	12,270	12,315	13,610	49,407	48,493
Loss on debt extinguishment	—	—	—	—	3,796
Other non-interest expense	12,565	11,937	15,860	50,719	58,444
Total non-interest expense	<u>123,324</u>	<u>108,627</u>	<u>119,008</u>	<u>457,189</u>	<u>487,089</u>
Income before income taxes	106,965	85,912	104,528	249,359	403,996
Provision for income taxes	21,228	19,353	15,072	51,506	90,898
Net income	<u>\$ 85,737</u>	<u>\$ 66,559</u>	<u>\$ 89,456</u>	<u>\$ 197,853</u>	<u>\$ 313,098</u>
Earnings per common share, basic	<u>\$ 0.89</u>	<u>\$ 0.70</u>	<u>\$ 0.91</u>	<u>\$ 2.06</u>	<u>\$ 3.14</u>
Earnings per common share, diluted	<u>\$ 0.89</u>	<u>\$ 0.70</u>	<u>\$ 0.91</u>	<u>\$ 2.06</u>	<u>\$ 3.13</u>

BANKUNITED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
AVERAGE BALANCES AND YIELDS
(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended December 31, 2020			Three Months Ended September 30, 2020			Three Months Ended December 31, 2019		
	Average Balance	Interest ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Yield/ Rate ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Average Balance	Interest ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Yield/ Rate ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Average Balance	Interest ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Yield/ Rate ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
Assets:									
Interest earning assets:									
Loans	\$ 23,706,859	\$ 210,896	3.55 %	\$ 23,447,514	\$ 212,388	3.61 %	\$ 22,986,427	\$ 246,458	4.27 %
Investment securities ⁽³⁾	9,446,389	42,966	1.82 %	9,065,478	45,351	2.00 %	7,929,948	62,948	3.18 %
Other interest earning assets	726,273	1,628	0.89 %	552,515	1,322	0.95 %	627,001	4,762	3.01 %
Total interest earning assets	33,879,521	255,490	3.01 %	33,065,507	259,061	3.13 %	31,543,376	314,168	3.97 %
Allowance for credit losses	(280,243)			(272,464)			(110,503)		
Non-interest earning assets	1,817,476			1,897,723			1,655,342		
Total assets	\$ 35,416,754			\$ 34,690,766			\$ 33,088,215		
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity:									
Interest bearing liabilities:									
Interest bearing demand deposits	\$ 2,903,300	\$ 3,637	0.50 %	\$ 2,800,421	\$ 4,127	0.59 %	\$ 1,947,034	\$ 6,485	1.32 %
Savings and money market deposits	11,839,631	14,517	0.49 %	10,664,462	15,853	0.59 %	10,416,964	41,705	1.59 %
Time deposits	5,360,630	11,136	0.83 %	6,519,852	17,701	1.08 %	7,016,192	40,099	2.27 %
Total interest bearing deposits	20,103,561	29,290	0.58 %	19,984,735	37,681	0.75 %	19,380,190	88,289	1.81 %
Short term borrowings	20,707	6	0.12 %	53,587	14	0.10 %	115,928	505	1.73 %
FHLB and PPPLF borrowings	3,698,666	19,207	2.07 %	4,117,181	20,146	1.95 %	5,244,495	30,011	2.27 %
Notes and other borrowings	722,581	9,251	5.12 %	722,271	9,252	5.12 %	404,086	5,294	5.24 %
Total interest bearing liabilities	24,545,515	57,754	0.94 %	24,877,774	67,093	1.07 %	25,144,699	124,099	1.96 %
Non-interest bearing demand deposits	7,152,967			6,186,718			4,292,943		
Other non-interest bearing liabilities	772,277			803,498			686,027		
Total liabilities	32,470,759			31,867,990			30,123,669		
Stockholders' equity	2,945,995			2,822,776			2,964,546		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 35,416,754			\$ 34,690,766			\$ 33,088,215		
Net interest income		\$ 197,736		\$ 191,968			\$ 190,069		
Interest rate spread			2.07 %			2.06 %			2.01 %
Net interest margin			2.33 %			2.32 %			2.41 %

- (1) On a tax-equivalent basis where applicable
(2) Annualized
(3) At fair value except for securities held to maturity

BANKUNITED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
AVERAGE BALANCES AND YIELDS
(Dollars in thousands)

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2020			2019		
	Average Balance	Interest ⁽¹⁾	Yield/ Rate ⁽¹⁾	Average Balance	Interest ⁽¹⁾	Yield/ Rate ⁽¹⁾
Assets:						
Interest earning assets:						
Loans	\$ 23,385,832	\$ 879,082	3.76 %	\$ 22,553,250	\$ 998,130	4.43 %
Investment securities ⁽²⁾	8,739,023	196,954	2.25 %	8,231,858	284,849	3.46 %
Other interest earning assets	672,634	9,578	1.42 %	555,992	19,902	3.58 %
Total interest earning assets	32,797,489	1,085,614	3.31 %	31,341,100	1,302,881	4.16 %
Allowance for credit losses	(236,704)			(112,890)		
Non-interest earning assets	1,860,322			1,625,579		
Total assets	<u>\$ 34,421,107</u>			<u>\$ 32,853,789</u>		
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity:						
Interest bearing liabilities:						
Interest bearing demand deposits	\$ 2,582,951	19,445	0.75 %	\$ 1,824,803	25,054	1.37 %
Savings and money market deposits	10,843,894	85,572	0.79 %	10,922,819	197,942	1.81 %
Time deposits	6,617,939	94,963	1.43 %	6,928,499	162,184	2.34 %
Total interest bearing deposits	20,044,784	199,980	1.00 %	19,676,121	385,180	1.96 %
Short term borrowings	71,858	418	0.58 %	124,888	2,802	2.24 %
FHLB and PPPLF borrowings	4,295,882	85,491	1.99 %	5,089,524	119,901	2.36 %
Notes and other borrowings	592,521	29,962	5.06 %	403,704	21,202	5.25 %
Total interest bearing liabilities	25,005,045	315,851	1.26 %	25,294,237	529,085	2.09 %
Non-interest bearing demand deposits	5,760,309			3,950,612		
Other non-interest bearing liabilities	786,337			662,590		
Total liabilities	31,551,691			29,907,439		
Stockholders' equity	2,869,416			2,946,350		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 34,421,107</u>			<u>\$ 32,853,789</u>		
Net interest income		<u>\$ 769,763</u>			<u>\$ 773,796</u>	
Interest rate spread			<u>2.05 %</u>			<u>2.07 %</u>
Net interest margin			<u>2.35 %</u>			<u>2.47 %</u>

(1) On a tax-equivalent basis where applicable

(2) At fair value except for securities held to maturity

BANKUNITED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE
(In thousands except share and per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Years Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Basic earnings per common share:				
Numerator:				
Net income	\$ 85,737	\$ 89,456	\$ 197,853	\$ 313,098
Distributed and undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	(4,015)	(3,971)	(8,882)	(13,371)
Income allocated to common stockholders for basic earnings per common share	\$ 81,722	\$ 85,485	\$ 188,971	\$ 299,727
Denominator:				
Weighted average common shares outstanding	92,725,905	95,000,894	92,869,736	96,581,290
Less average unvested stock awards	(1,160,984)	(1,063,813)	(1,163,480)	(1,127,275)
Weighted average shares for basic earnings per common share	91,564,921	93,935,081	91,706,256	95,454,015
Basic earnings per common share	<u>\$ 0.89</u>	<u>\$ 0.91</u>	<u>\$ 2.06</u>	<u>\$ 3.14</u>
Diluted earnings per common share:				
Numerator:				
Income allocated to common stockholders for basic earnings per common share	\$ 81,722	\$ 85,485	\$ 188,971	\$ 299,727
Adjustment for earnings reallocated from participating securities	(67)	(41)	(123)	(175)
Income used in calculating diluted earnings per common share	\$ 81,655	\$ 85,444	\$ 188,848	\$ 299,552
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares for basic earnings per common share	91,564,921	93,935,081	91,706,256	95,454,015
Dilutive effect of stock options	20,179	186,967	24,608	202,890
Weighted average shares for diluted earnings per common share	91,585,100	94,122,048	91,730,864	95,656,905
Diluted earnings per common share	<u>\$ 0.89</u>	<u>\$ 0.91</u>	<u>\$ 2.06</u>	<u>\$ 3.13</u>

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

PPNR is a non-GAAP financial measure. Management believes this measure is relevant to understanding the performance of the Company attributable to elements other than the provision for credit losses and the ability of the Company to generate earnings sufficient to cover estimated credit losses, particularly in view of the adoption of the CECL accounting methodology, which may impact comparability of operating results to prior periods. This measure also provides a meaningful basis for comparison to other financial institutions and is a measure frequently cited by investors. The following table reconciles the non-GAAP financial measurement of PPNR to the comparable GAAP financial measurement of income before income taxes for the three months and year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 and the three months ended September 30, 2020 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Three Months Ended September 30,		Three Months Ended December 31,		Years Ended December 31,	
	2020		2020		2019		2020	
Income before income taxes (GAAP)	\$	106,965	\$	85,912	\$	104,528	\$	249,359
Plus: Provision for (recovery of) credit losses		(1,643)		29,232		(469)		178,431
PPNR (non-GAAP)	\$	105,322	\$	115,144	\$	104,059	\$	427,790
							\$	412,900

ACL to total loans, excluding government insured residential loans, PPP loans and MWL is a non-GAAP financial measure. Management believes this measure is relevant to understanding the adequacy of the ACL coverage, excluding the impact of loans which carry nominal or no reserves. Disclosure of this non-GAAP financial measure also provides a meaningful basis for comparison to other financial institutions. The following table reconciles the non-GAAP financial measurement of ACL to total loans, excluding government insured residential loans, PPP loans and MWL to the comparable GAAP financial measurement of ACL to total loans at December 31, 2020 (dollars in thousands):

Total loans (GAAP)	\$	23,866,042
Less: Government insured residential loans		1,419,074
Less: PPP loans		781,811
Less: MWL		1,259,408
Total loans, excluding government insured residential loans, PPP loans and MWL (non-GAAP)	\$	20,405,749

ACL	\$	257,323
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ACL to total loans (GAAP)		1.08 %
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ACL to total loans, excluding government insured residential loans, PPP loans and MWL (non-GAAP)		1.26 %
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Tangible book value per common share is a non-GAAP financial measure. Management believes this measure is relevant to understanding the capital position and performance of the Company. Disclosure of this non-GAAP financial measure also provides a meaningful basis for comparison to other financial institutions as it is a metric commonly used in the banking industry. The following table reconciles the non-GAAP financial measurement of tangible book value per common share to the comparable GAAP financial measurement of book value per common share at the dates indicated (in thousands except share and per share data):

	December 31, 2020	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 2,983,012	\$ 2,864,824	\$ 2,980,779
Less: goodwill and other intangible assets	77,637	77,641	77,674
Tangible stockholders' equity	\$ 2,905,375	\$ 2,787,183	\$ 2,903,105
Common shares issued and outstanding	93,067,500	92,388,641	95,128,231
Book value per common share	\$ 32.05	\$ 31.01	\$ 31.33
Tangible book value per common share	\$ 31.22	\$ 30.17	\$ 30.52



BankUnited, Inc.

Q4 2020 – Supplemental Information
January 21, 2021

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that reflect the current views of BankUnited, Inc. (“BankUnited,” “BKU” or the “Company” with respect to, among other things, future events and financial performance. The Company generally identifies forward-looking statements by terminology such as “outlook,” “believes,” “expects,” “potential,” “continues,” “may,” “will,” “could,” “should,” “seeks,” “approximately,” “predicts,” “intends,” “plans,” “estimates,” “anticipates,” “forecasts” or the negative version of those words or other comparable words. Any forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are based on the historical performance of the Company and its subsidiaries or on the Company’s current plans, estimates and expectations. The inclusion of this forward-looking information should not be regarded as a representation by the Company that the future plans, estimates or expectations contemplated by the Company will be achieved. Such forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties and assumptions, including (without limitations) those relating to the Company’s operations, financial results, financial condition, business prospects, growth strategy and liquidity, including as impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. If one or more of these or other risks or uncertainties materialize, or if the Company’s underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, the Company’s actual results may vary materially from those indicated in these statements. These factors should not be construed as exhaustive. The Company does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or review any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise. A number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward looking statements. Information on these factors can be found in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and any subsequent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Current Report on Form 8-K, which are available at the SEC’s website (www.sec.gov).



Financial Highlights

Strong Quarterly Results in a Challenging Environment

Operating results

- EPS for the quarter of \$0.89
- Annualized ROE for the quarter of 11.6% and ROA of 0.96%
- Net interest income grew by \$6 million linked quarter and \$8 million compared to Q4 2019
- NIM of 2.33% compared to 2.32% linked quarter
- Lower provision for credit losses reflecting an improving economic forecast

Continued improvement in deposit mix

- Average non-interest DDA up \$966 million linked quarter and \$2.9 billion compared to Q4 2019
- Non-interest DDA grew by \$219 million for the quarter to 25% of total deposits from 18% a year
- Average total cost of deposits continued to decline, to 0.43% for the quarter, lowest in the Com history
- "Spot" APY on total deposits was 0.36% at December 31, 2020

Loan deferrals and modifications

- Loans on deferral totaled \$207 million or less than 1% of total loans at December 31, 2020
 - Commercial: \$63 million or less than 1% of commercial loans
 - Residential: \$144 million or 2% of residential loans
- CARES Act modifications totaled \$587 at December 31, 2020
 - Commercial: \$575 million or 3% of commercial loans
 - Residential: \$12 million or less than 1% of residential loans

Robust capital levels

- CET1 ratios of 12.6% at the holding company and 13.9% at the bank at December 31, 2020
- Book value per share grew to \$32.05 and tangible book value grew to \$31.22 at December 31,
- Reinstated our share repurchase program with authorization to repurchase approximately \$44 million in shares of common stock

Highlights from Fourth Quarter Earnings

(\$ in millions, except per share data)	Q4 20	Q3 20	Q4 19	Change From		Key Highlights
				Q3 20	Q4 19	
Net Interest Income	\$ 193	\$ 187	\$ 185	6	8	
Provision for Credit Losses	\$ (2)	\$ 29	\$ -	(31)	(2)	Continuing stabilization of reserves as economic forecast improves.
Total Non-interest Income	\$ 35	\$ 36	\$ 38	(1)	(3)	
Total Non-interest Expense	\$ 123	\$ 109	\$ 119	14	4	Q4 20 impacted by variable compensation accrual adjustments.
Net Income	\$ 86	\$ 67	\$ 89	19	(3)	
EPS	\$ 0.89	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.91	0.19	(0.02)	
Pre-Provision, Net Revenue (PPNR) ⁽¹⁾	\$ 105	\$ 115	\$ 104	(10)	1	
Period-end Loans	\$ 23,866	\$ 23,779	\$ 23,155	87	711	3.0% YoY loan growth.
Period-end Deposits	\$ 27,496	\$ 26,597	\$ 24,395	899	3,101	13.0% YoY deposit growth, primarily from non-interest bearing.
CET1	12.6 %	12.2 %	12.3 %	0.4 %	0.3 %	
Total Capital	14.7 %	14.3 %	12.8 %	0.4 %	1.9 %	Reflects \$300 million in subordinated notes issued in Q2 20.
Yield on Loans	3.55 %	3.61 %	4.27 %	(0.06)%	(0.72)%	Turnover of portfolio at lower prevailing rates.
Cost of Deposits	0.43 %	0.57 %	1.48 %	(0.14)%	(1.05)%	Spot APY on total deposits declined to 0.36% at December 31, 2020.
Net Interest Margin	2.33 %	2.32 %	2.41 %	0.01 %	(0.08)%	
Non-performing Assets to Total Assets ⁽²⁾	0.71 %	0.58 %	0.63 %	0.19 %	0.14 %	
Allowance for Credit Losses to Total Loans	1.08 %	1.15 %	0.47 %	(0.07)%	0.61 %	Decline from Q3 20 primarily due to charge-offs taken.
Net Charge-offs to Average Loans ⁽³⁾	0.26 %	0.25 %	0.05 %	0.01 %	0.21 %	

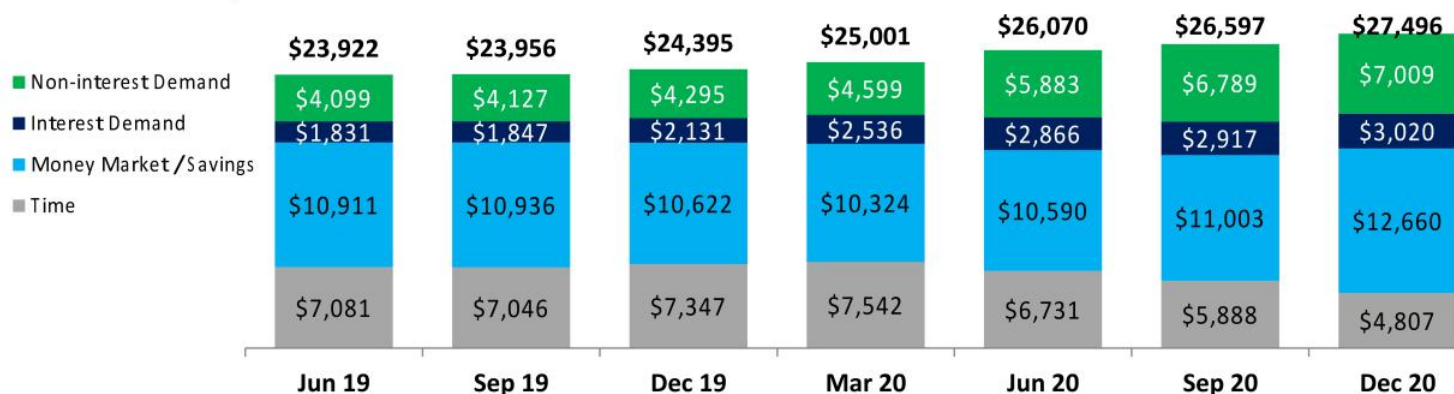
(1) PPNR is a non-GAAP financial measure. See section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 32

(2) Includes guaranteed portion of non-accrual SBA loans.

(3) YTD net charge-offs, annualized for Q3 20

Continuing to Transform our Deposit Mix (\$ in millions)

Non-interest bearing demand deposits have grown at a compound annual growth rate of 39% since
December 31, 2018



Cost of Deposits	1.70%	1.67%	1.48%	1.36%	0.80%	0.57%	0.43%
Non-interest bearing	17.1%	17.2%	17.6%	18.4%	22.6%	25.5%	25.5%

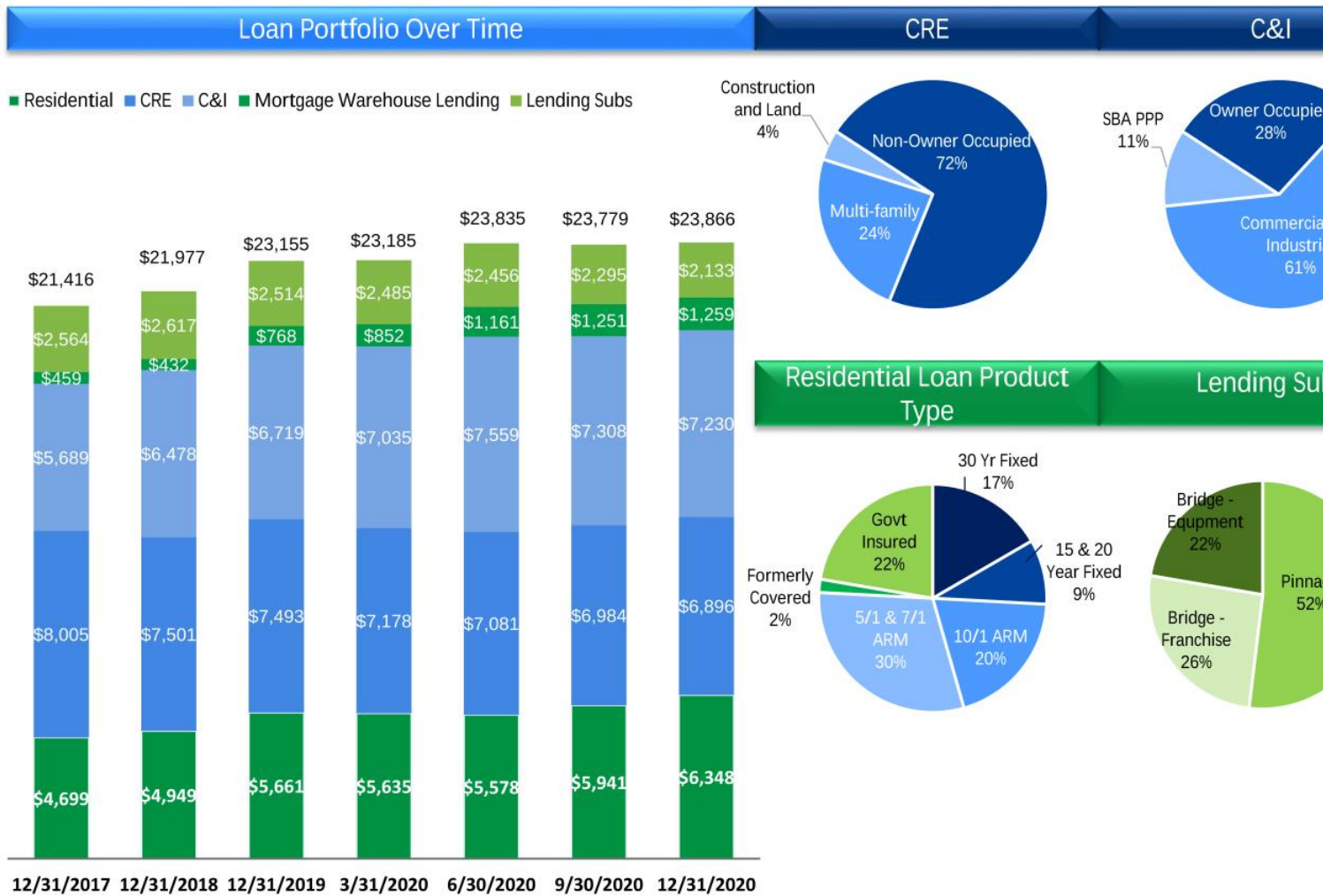
We have consistently priced down our deposit portfolio since the Fed began lowering interest rates in late 2018

Spot Average Annual Percentage Yield ("APY")	At December 31, 2019	At March 31, 2020	At June 30, 2020	At September 30, 2020	At December 31, 2020
Total non-maturity deposits	1.11%	0.83%	0.44%	0.37%	0.29%
Total interest-bearing deposits	1.71%	1.35%	0.82%	0.65%	0.48%
Total deposits	1.42%	1.12%	0.65%	0.49%	0.36%

Prudently Underwritten and Well-Diversified Loan Portfolio

At December 31, 2020

(\$ in millions)



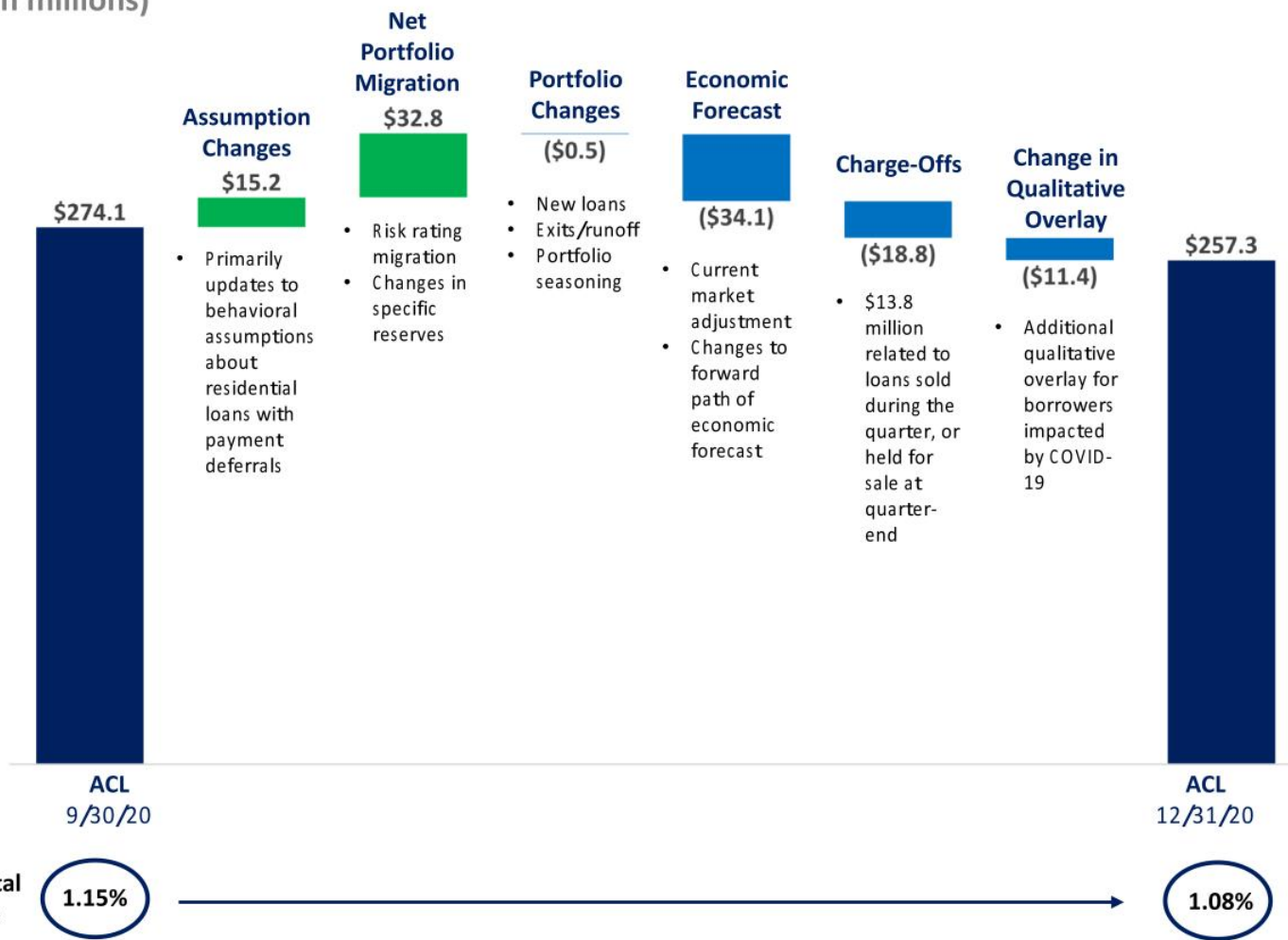
Allowance for Credit Losses

CECL Methodology

Underlying Principles	Economic Forecast	Key Variables
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The ACL under CECL represents management’s best estimate at the balance sheet date of expected credit losses over the life of the loan portfolio.• Required to consider historical information, current conditions and a reasonable and supportable economic forecast.• For most portfolio segments, BankUnited uses econometric models to project PD, LGD and expected losses at the loan level and aggregates those expected losses by segment.• Qualitative adjustments may be applied to the quantitative results.• Accounting standard requires an estimate of expected prepayments which may significantly impact the lifetime loss estimate.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Our ACL estimate was informed by Moody’s economic scenarios published in December 2020.<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Unemployment at 6.7% for Q1 2021, stable through end of 2021, declining to 5.4% by end of 2022.• Annualized growth in GDP 4% for Q1 2021, increasing to 4.1% by end of 2021 and 4.7% by end of 2022.• VIX trending down to stabilized levels through the forecast horizon.• S&P 500 stable near 3500, through the R&S period.• 2 year reasonable and supportable forecast period.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The models ingest numerous national, regional and MSA level economic variables and data points. Economic data and variables to which portfolio segments are most sensitive:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Commercial<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Market volatility index○ S&P 500 index○ Unemployment rate○ A variety of interest rates and spreads• CRE<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Unemployment○ CRE property forecast○ 10-year treasury○ Baa corporate yield○ Real GDP growth• Residential<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ HPI○ Unemployment rate○ Real GDP growth○ Freddie Mac 30-year

Drivers of Change in the ACL

(\$ in millions)



% of Total Loans

1.15%

1.08%

Allocation of the ACL

(\$ in millions)

	January 1, 2020		September 30, 2020		December 31, 2020	
	Balance	% of Loans	Balance	% of Loans	Balance	% of Loans
Residential and other consumer	\$ 19.3	0.34%	\$ 16.0	0.27%	\$ 18.7	0.29%
Commercial:						
Commercial real estate	16.7	0.22%	113.3	1.62%	104.6	1.52%
Commercial and industrial	83.6	1.12%	114.4	1.34%	91.0	1.07%
Pinnacle	0.4	0.03%	0.4	0.03%	0.3	0.03%
Franchise finance	9.0	1.44%	24.4	4.03%	36.3	6.61%
Equipment finance	7.0	1.02%	5.6	1.05%	6.4	1.34%
Total commercial	116.7	0.67%	258.1	1.45%	238.6	1.36%
Allowance for credit losses	<u>\$ 136.0</u>	0.59%	<u>\$ 274.1</u>	1.15%	<u>\$ 257.3</u>	1.08%

Asset Quality Ratios	December 31, 2019	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2020
Non-performing loans to total loans ⁽¹⁾	0.88%	0.84%	1.02%
Non-performing assets to total assets	0.63%	0.58%	0.71%
Allowance for credit losses to non-performing loans ⁽¹⁾	53.07%	136.86%	105.26%
Net charge-offs to average loans	0.05%		0.26%

- (1) Non-performing loans and assets include the guaranteed portion of non-accrual SBA loans totaling \$51.3 million, \$43.6 million, and \$45.7 million or 0.22% and 0.20% of total loans and 0.15%, 0.12%, and 0.14% of total assets, at December 31, 2020, September 30, 2020, and December 31, 2019.
- (2) ACL to total loans, excluding government insured residential loans, PPP loans and MWL, which carry nominal or no reserves, was 1.26% at December 31, 2020. See section entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 33.

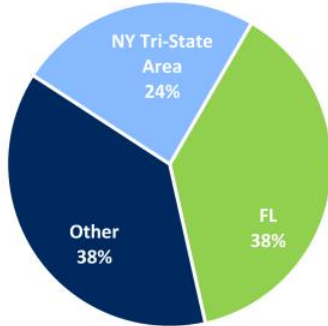


Loan Portfolio and Credit

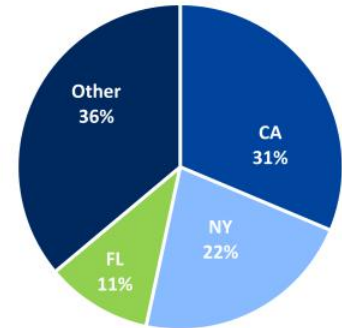
Loan Portfolio – Geographic Distribution

At December 31, 2020

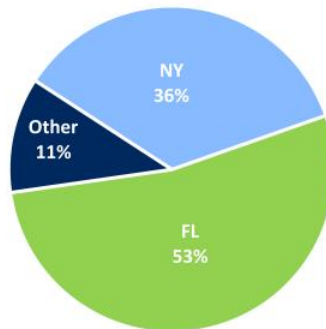
Commercial ⁽¹⁾



Residential



CRE



(1) Includes PPP, MWL, BFG and Pinnacle

Loan Portfolio – Granular, Diversified Commercial & Industrial Portfolio

At December 31, 2020

(\$ in millions)

- Includes \$2 billion of owner-occupied real estate
- Some key observations:
 - Educational services – well established private colleges, universities and high schools
 - Transportation and warehousing – cruise lines, aviation authorities, logistics
 - Health care – larger physician practice management companies, HMO's, mental health & substance abuse; no small practices
 - Arts and entertainment – stadiums, professional sports teams, gaming
 - Accommodation and food services – time share, direct food services businesses and concessionaires

Industry	Balance ⁽¹⁾	Commitment	% of Portfolio
Finance and Insurance	\$1,054	\$1,775	16.4%
Educational Services	654	696	10.1%
Wholesale Trade	652	1,022	10.1%
Transportation and Warehousing	472	594	7.3%
Health Care and Social Assistance	443	610	6.9%
Manufacturing	343	460	5.3%
Information	330	515	5.1%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	309	497	4.8%
Accommodation and Food Services	300	400	4.7%
Retail Trade	298	416	4.6%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	273	361	4.2%
Construction	252	431	3.9%
Public Administration	238	254	3.7%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	230	280	3.6%
Administrative and Support and Waste Management	199	263	3.1%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	186	232	2.9%
Utilities	174	228	2.7%
Other	41	52	0.6%
	\$6,448	\$9,086	100.0%

(1) Excludes PPP loans

Loan Portfolio – Commercial Real Estate by Property Type

At December 31, 2020

(\$ in millions)

Property Type	Balance	FL	NY	Other	Wtd. Avg. DSCR	Wtd. Avg. LTV	Non-Performing
Office	\$ 2,117	60%	24%	16%	2.24	58.7%	\$ 9
Multifamily	1,800	31%	62%	7%	1.62	57.5%	24
Retail	1,369	52%	40%	8%	1.39	61.0%	17
Warehouse/Industrial	841	64%	19%	17%	2.34	56.4%	-
Hotel	622	74%	16%	10%	1.13	64.5%	35
Other	147	82%	11%	7%	1.79	54.1%	7
	\$ 6,896	53%	36%	11%	1.81	59.0%	\$ 92

- Commercial real estate loans are secured by income-producing, non-owner occupied properties, typically with well capitalized middle market sponsors
- 74% of the CRE portfolio, 79% of the retail segment and 55% of the hotel segment have LTVs less than 65%
- Construction and land loans, included in the table above by property type, represent only 1% of the total loan portfolio.
- Average rent collections for the fourth quarter, based on a sample of borrowers:
 - Office – 90% NY, 97% FL
 - Multi-family – 90% NY, 96% FL
 - Retail – 94% NY, 98% FL
- Hotel occupancy – averaging 46% in Florida, over 50% for December.
- NY commercial Real Estate portfolio contains \$264 million of mixed-used properties; \$194 million included in the table above in multi-family, \$51 million in retail and \$19 million in office

Loan Portfolio – Deferrals and Modifications

At December 31, 2020

(\$ in millions)

- Loans subject to COVID related deferral or modification under the CARES Act totaled \$794 million or 3% of the total loan portfolio at December 31, 2020. By comparison, at the end of Q2, we reported that we had granted 90-day payment deferrals on \$3.6 billion of loans or 15% of the total loan portfolio.
- Commercial CARES Act modifications are most often 9 to 12-month interest only periods.
- Commercial deferrals remained consistent quarter over quarter at 4% of the commercial portfolio
- Residential deferrals and modifications declined to 2% of the residential portfolio at December 31, 2020 from 8% at September 30

	Currently Under Short-Term Deferral	CARES Act Modifications	Total
Residential - excluding government insured	\$ 144	\$ 12	\$ 156
CRE - Property Type:			
Retail	\$ 29	\$ 19	\$ 48
Hotel	1	343	344
Office	-	48	48
Multifamily	-	16	16
Other	2	-	2
Total CRE	\$ 32	\$ 426	\$ 458
C&I - Industry:			
Accomm. and Food Services	\$ -	\$ 15	\$ 15
Retail Trade	1	17	18
Manufacturing	2	11	13
Transportation and Warehousing (cruise lines)	-	48	48
Finance and Insurance	-	18	18
Other	7	15	22
Total C&I	\$ 10	\$ 124	\$ 134
BFG - Franchise	\$ 21	\$ 25	\$ 46
Total Commercial	\$ 63	\$ 575	\$ 638
Total Loans	\$ 207	\$ 587	\$ 794
% of Total Loans	<1%	2%	3%

Residential – Excluding Government Insured

Through December 31, 2020, a total of \$525 million of residential loans, excluding government insured loans, had been granted an initial short-term payment deferral. The status of those loans at December 31, 2020 is presented in the table below:

Loans Still Under Short-Term Deferral		Loans That Have Rolled Off of Short-Term Deferral			
Balance	% of Loans Initially Granted Short-Term Deferral ⁽¹⁾	Paying as Agreed		Not Resumed Regular Pay	
Balance	% of Loans Initially Granted Short-Term Deferral ⁽¹⁾	Balance	% of Loans Rolled Off Short-Term Deferral	Balance	% of Loans Short-Term
\$144	27%	\$362	95%	\$19	5%

(1) Includes \$23 million of loans continuing to make payments.

Loan Portfolio – Segments Identified for Heightened Monitoring

At December 31, 2020

Moderate exposure to sectors most impacted by the pandemic

(\$ in millions)

Portfolio	Balance	% of Total Loans	Short-Term Deferral or CARES Modification	% of Portfolio Segment	Non-Performing Loans	Special Mention	Classif
Retail - CRE	\$ 1,369	6%	\$ 48	4%	\$ 17	\$ 87	\$
Retail - C&I	298	1%	18	6%	8	12	
BFG - franchise finance	550	2%	46	8%	45	72	
Hotel	622	3%	344	55%	35	69	
Airlines and aviation authorities	120	1%	-	-	-	35	
Cruise line	71	-	48	67%	-	-	
Total	\$ 3,030	13%	\$ 504	17%	\$ 105	\$ 275	\$ 1

- 79% of commercial loans deferred or modified and 55% of criticized and classified assets are in these sub segments

Loan Portfolio – Retail

At December 31, 2020

(\$ in millions)

Retail - Commercial Real Estate

Property Type	Balance	Currently Under Short-Term Deferral	CARES Act Modification
Retail - Anchored	\$ 699	\$ -	\$ 6
Retail - Unanchored	615	24	13
Construction to Perm	24	-	-
Gas station	24	-	-
Restaurant	7	5	-
	\$ 1,369	\$ 29	\$ 19

- No significant mall or “big box” exposure
- \$46 million and \$19 million of Retail-Unanchored and Retail-Anchored, respectively, are mixed-used properties

Retail – Commercial & Industrial

Industry	Not Secured by Real Estate	Owner Occupied Real Estate	Total Balance	Currently Under Short-Term Deferral	CARES Act Modification
Gasoline Stations	\$ 1	\$ 86	\$ 87	\$ -	\$ -
Health and Personal Care Stores	18	6	24	-	17
Furniture Stores	17	6	23	-	-
Vending Machine Operators	20	1	21	-	-
Specialty Food Stores	1	18	19	-	-
Grocery Stores	1	17	18	-	-
Automobile Dealers	7	7	14	-	-
Clothing Stores	1	11	12	-	-
Office Supplies, Stationery, and Gift Stores	11	1	12	-	-
Other	19	49	68	1	-
	\$ 96	\$ 202	\$ 298	\$ 1	\$ 17

Loan Portfolio – BFG Franchise Finance

At December 31, 2020

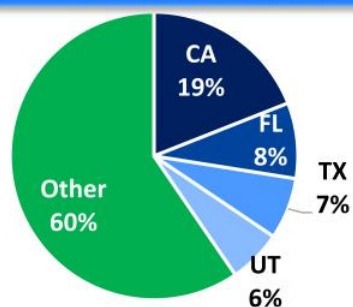
(\$ in millions)

Portfolio Breakdown by Concept

Restaurant Concepts	Balance	% of BFG Franchise	Currently	
			Under Short-Term Deferral	CARES Act Modifications
Burger King	\$ 63	11%	\$ -	\$ -
Dunkin Donuts	28	5%	-	-
Popeyes	28	5%	-	-
Jimmy John's	20	4%	-	-
Domino's	18	3%	-	-
Other	170	32%	-	-
	\$ 327	60%	\$ -	\$ -

Non-Restaurant Concept	Balance	% of BFG Franchise	Currently	
			Under Short-Term Deferral	CARES Act Modifications
Planet Fitness	\$ 98	18%	\$ -	\$ 25
Orange Theory Fitness	85	15%	19	-
Other	40	7%	2	-
	\$ 223	40%	\$ 21	\$ 25

Portfolio Breakdown by Geography



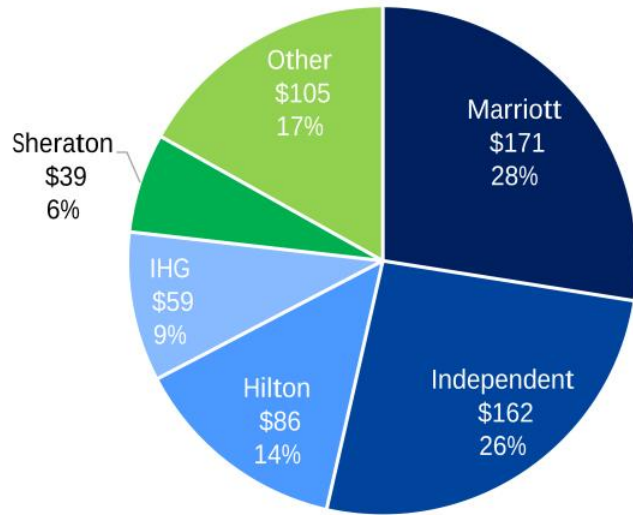
Loan Portfolio – Hotel

At December 31, 2020

(\$ in millions)

- 74% of our exposure is in Florida, followed by 16% in New York
- Includes \$61.8 million in SBA loans
- All hotel properties in Florida and two of three properties in New York are now open

Exposure by Flag



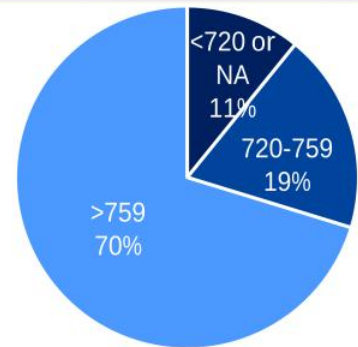
Total Portfolio: \$622mm

Credit Quality – Residential

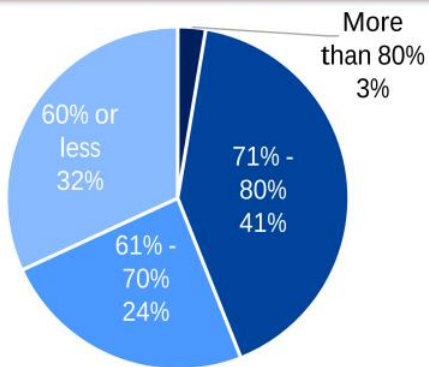
At December 31, 2020

High quality residential portfolio consists of primarily prime jumbo mortgages with de-minimis charge-offs since inception as well as fully government insured assets

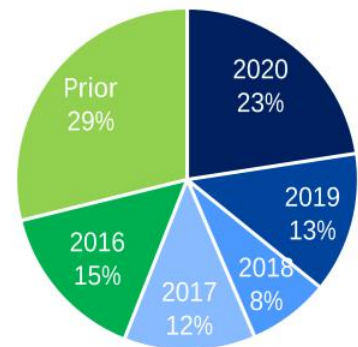
FICO Distribution⁽¹⁾



Breakdown by LTV⁽¹⁾



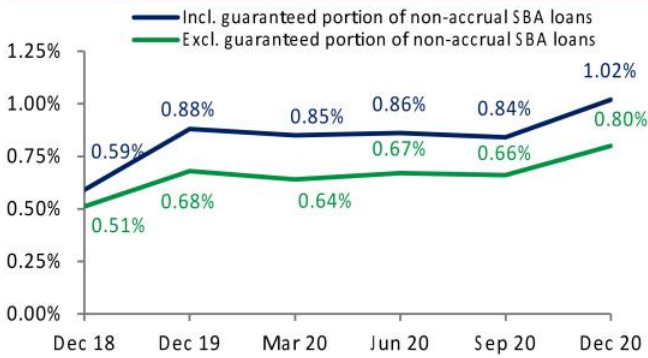
Breakdown by Vintage⁽¹⁾



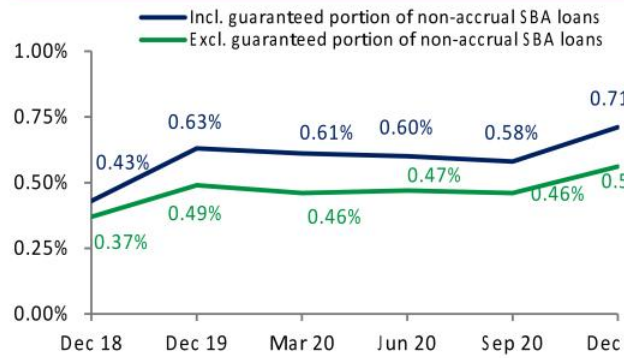
(1) Excludes government insured residential loans. FICOs are refreshed routinely. LTVs are typically based on valuation at origination.

Asset Quality Metrics

Non-performing Loans to Total Loans



Non-performing Assets to Total Assets



Net Charge-offs to Average Loans⁽¹⁾

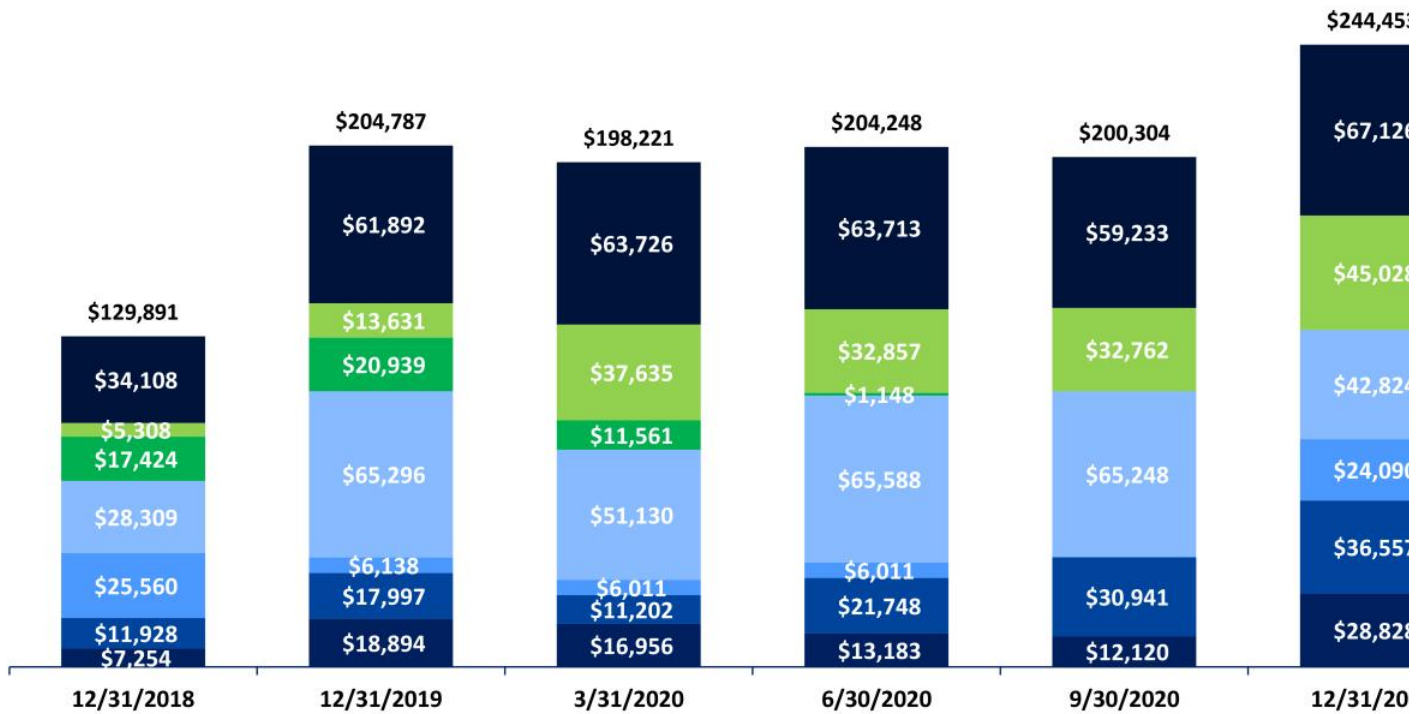


(1) YTD net charge-offs, annualized at September 30, 2020, June 30, 2020 and March 31, 2020.

Non-Performing Loans by Portfolio Segment

(\$ in thousands)

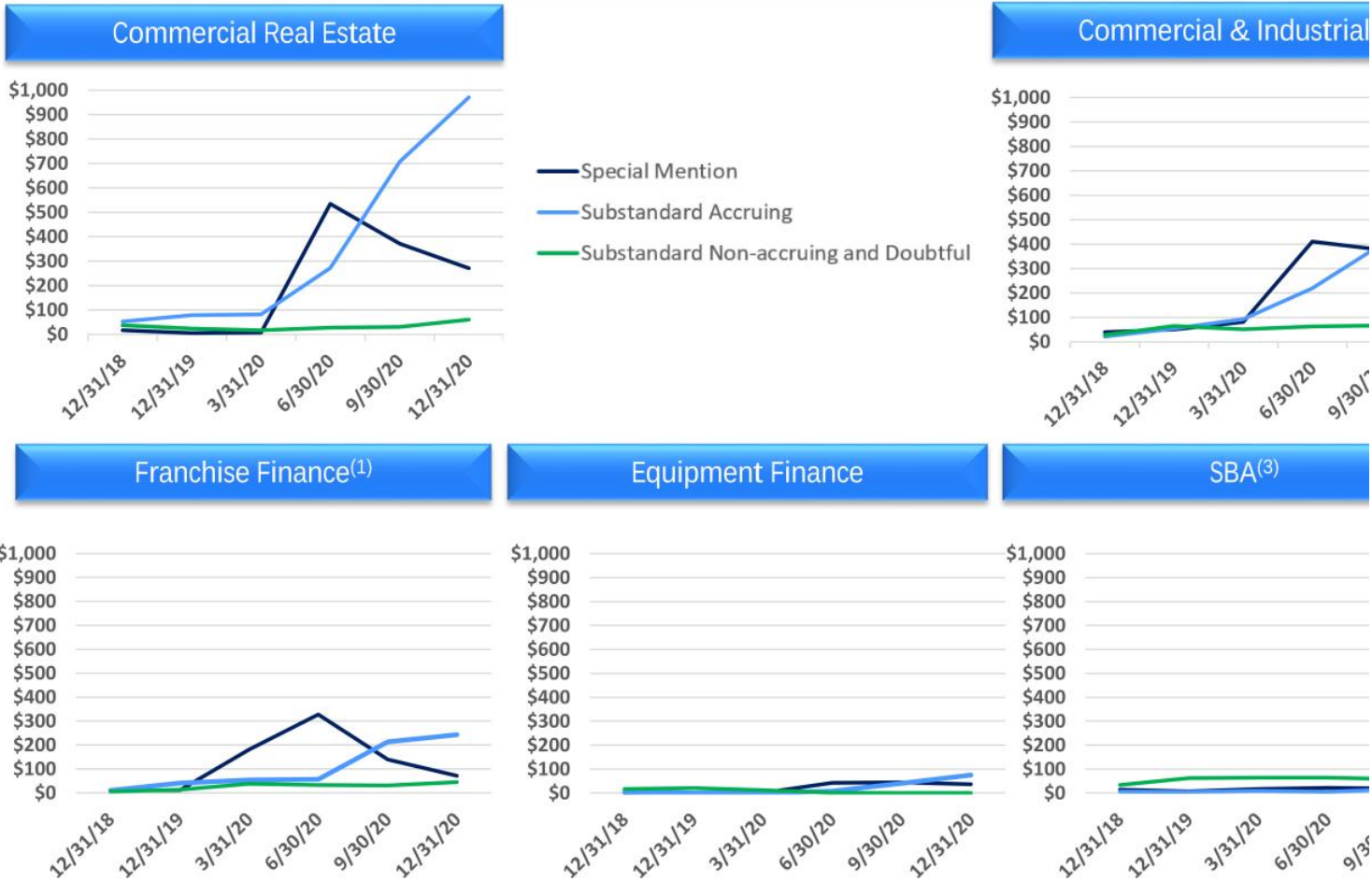
■ Residential ■ CRE ■ Multifamily ■ C&I ■ Equipment ■ Franchise ■ SBA(1)



(1) Includes the guaranteed portion of non-accrual SBA loans totaling \$51.3 million, \$43.6 million, \$45.7 million, \$49.1 million, \$45.7 million and \$17.8 million at December 31, 2020, September 30, 2020, June 30, 2020, March 31, 2020, December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

Criticized and Classified Loans

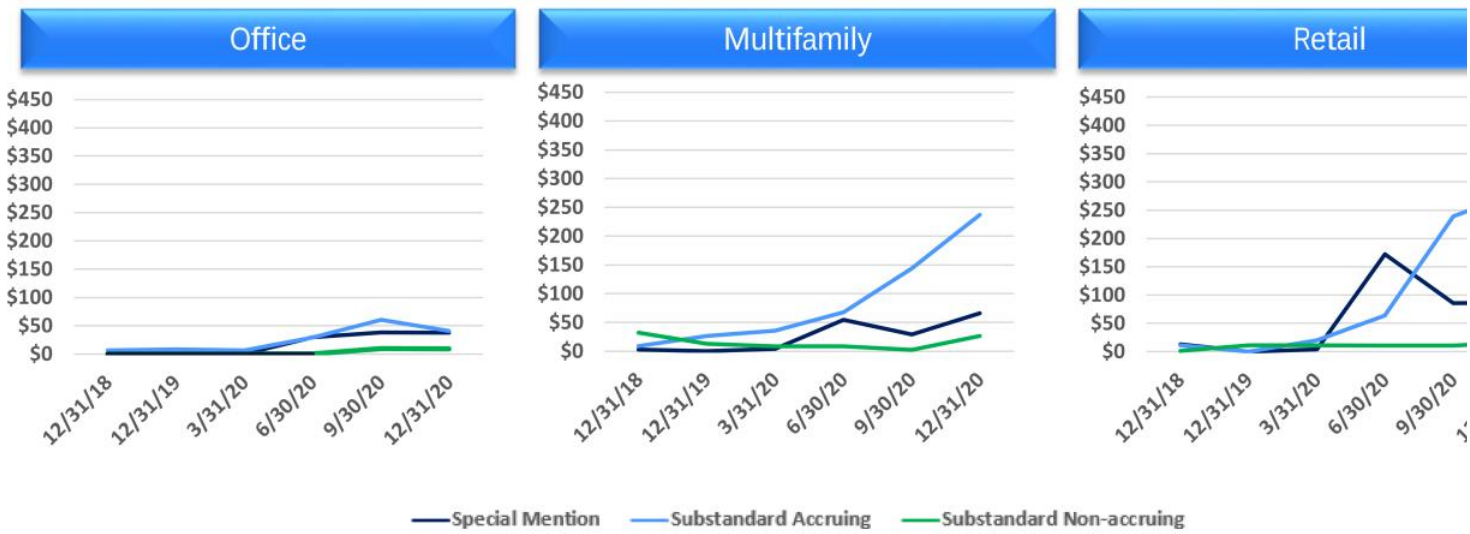
(\$ in millions)



(1) Substandard non-accruing and doubtful includes \$11.7 million of loans rated doubtful at December 31, 2020.
 (2) Substandard non-accruing and doubtful includes \$0.2 million of loans rated doubtful at December 31, 2020.
 (3) Includes the guaranteed portion of non-accrual SBA loans totaling \$51.3 million, \$43.6 million, \$45.7 million, \$49.1 million, \$45.7 million and \$17.8 at December 31, 2020, September 30, 2020, June 30, 2020, March 31, 2020, December 31, 2019 and December 2018, respectively.

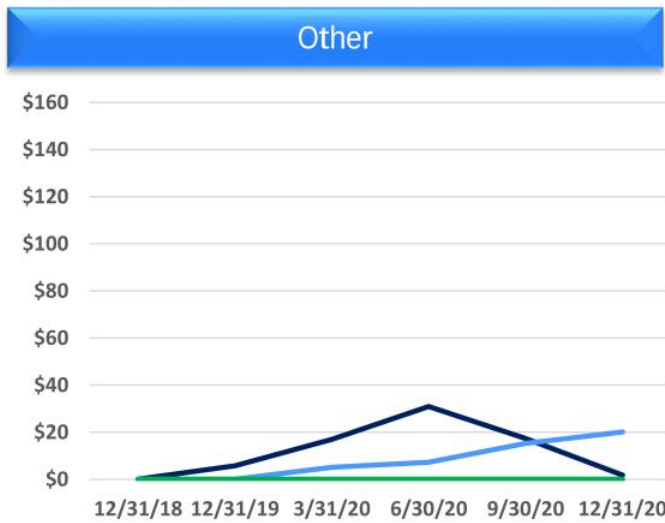
Criticized and Classified - CRE by Property Type

(\$ in millions)



Criticized and Classified – BFG Franchise Finance

(\$ in millions)



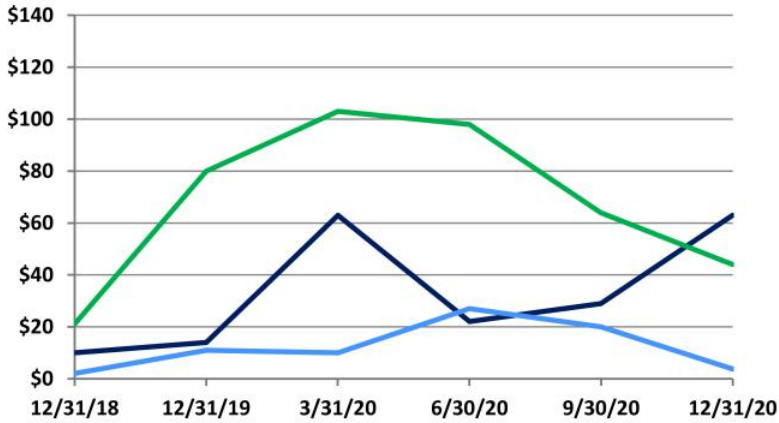
— Special Mention
 — Substandard Accruing
 — Substandard Non-accruing and Doubtful

(1) Substandard non-accruing and doubtful includes \$11.7 million of loans rated doubtful at December 31, 2020.

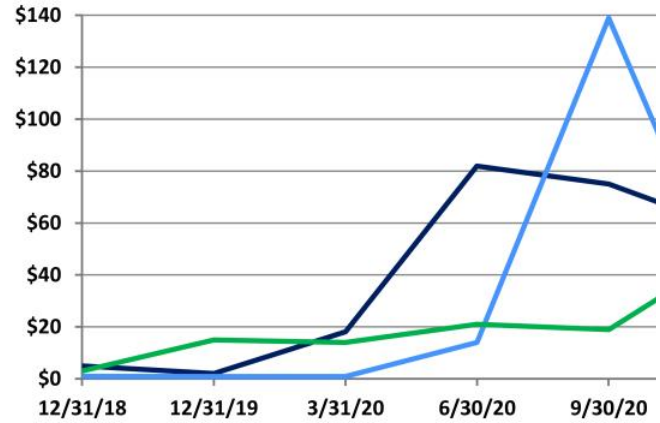
Asset Quality - Delinquencies

(\$ in millions)

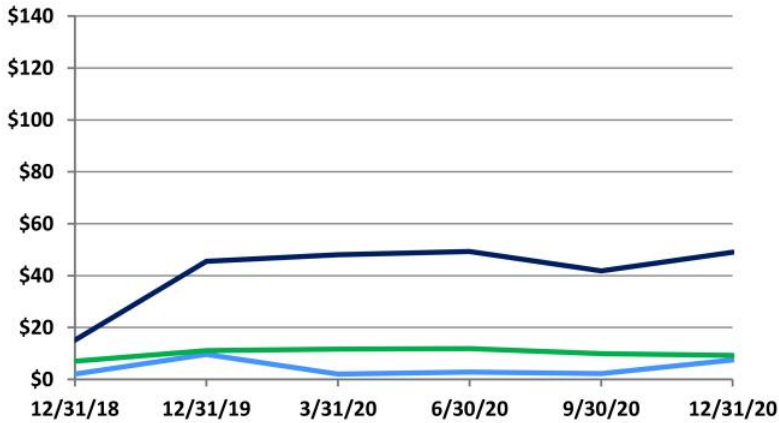
Commercial



CRE ⁽¹⁾



Residential ⁽²⁾



- 30-59 Days PD
- 60-89 Days PD
- 90 Days+ PD

- (1) Increase in 60-89 Days PD at 9/30/20 impacted by \$70MM of In Process Modifications.
 (2) Excludes government insured residential loans.

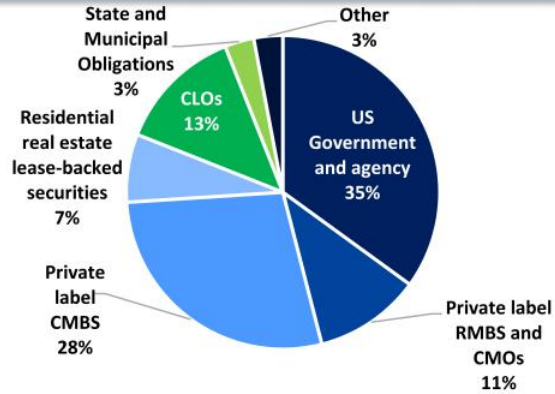
Investment Portfolio

Investment Securities AFS

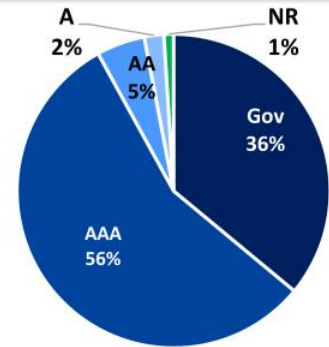
(\$ in thousands)

The AFS debt securities portfolio of \$9.1 billion was in a net unrealized gain position of \$85.6 million at December 31, 2020

Portfolio Composition



Ratings Distribution

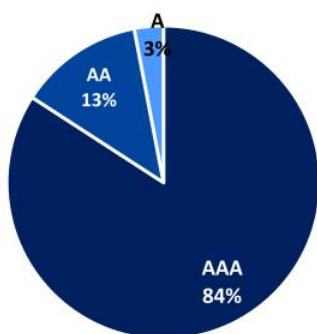


Portfolio	December 31, 2019		March 31, 2020		September 30, 2020		December 31, 2020	
	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Fair Value
US Government and agency	\$ 10,516	\$ 2,826,207	\$ (23,649)	\$ 2,893,932	\$ 22,342	\$ 3,174,959	\$ 23,752	\$ 2,826,207
Private label RMBS and CMOs	10,840	1,012,177	(11,659)	1,173,880	17,135	1,167,706	15,713	1,012,177
Private label CMBS	5,456	1,724,684	(123,796)	1,604,814	(1,859)	2,440,550	12,083	1,724,684
Residential real estate lease-backed securities	2,566	470,025	(21,188)	528,793	13,745	768,898	14,819	470,025
CLOs	(7,539)	1,197,366	(74,676)	1,094,793	(16,010)	1,142,404	(8,449)	1,197,366
State and Municipal Obligations	15,774	273,302	15,431	271,033	19,962	242,921	21,966	273,302
Other	733	194,904	(10,283)	255,161	6,660	251,839	5,755	194,904
Total	\$ 38,346	\$ 7,698,665	\$ (249,820)	\$ 7,822,406	\$ 61,975	\$ 9,189,277	\$ 85,639	\$ 9,189,277

Investment Securities – Asset Quality of Select Non-Agency Securities

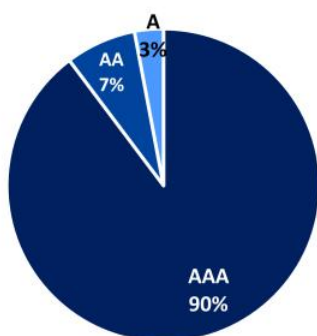
At December 31, 2020

Strong credit enhancement levels on CLOs and CMBS



Collateralized Loan Obligations (CLOs)

Rating	Subordination			Wtd. Avg. Stress Scenario Loss
	Min	Max	Avg	
AAA	36.0	48.4	43.3	20.4
AA	26.9	40.7	32.5	23.0
A	24.5	29.9	26.5	23.0
Wtd. Avg.	34.5	46.8	41.3	20.8



Private Label Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities (CMBS)

Rating	Subordination			Wtd. Avg. Stress Scenario Loss
	Min	Max	Avg	
AAA	27.9	96.3	41.9	12.0
AA	19.1	52.2	34.5	11.2
A	21.5	80.9	38.0	10.9
Wtd. Avg.	27.1	92.7	41.3	11.9

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

PPNR is a non-GAAP financial measure. Management believes this measure is relevant to understanding the performance of the Company attributable to elements other than the provision for credit losses and the ability of the Company to generate earnings sufficient to cover estimated credit losses, particularly in view of the adoption of the CECL accounting methodology, which may impact comparability of operating results to prior periods. This measure also provides a meaningful basis for comparison to other financial institutions and is a measure frequently cited by investors. The following table reconciles the non-GAAP financial measurement of PPNR to the comparable GAAP financial measurement of income before income taxes for the three months ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 and the three months ended September 30, 2020 (in thousands):

	<u>Three Months Ended December 31, 2020</u>	<u>Three Months Ended September 30, 2020</u>	<u>Three Months Ended December 31, 2019</u>
Income before income taxes (GAAP)	\$ 106,965	\$ 85,912	\$ 104,528
Plus: Provision for (recovery of) credit losses	(1,643)	29,232	(469)
PPNR (non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 105,322</u>	<u>\$ 115,144</u>	<u>\$ 104,059</u>

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

ACL to total loans, excluding government insured residential loans, PPP loans and MWL is a non-GAAP financial measure. Management believes this measure is relevant to understanding the adequacy of the ACL coverage, excluding the impact of loans which carry nominal or no reserves. Disclosure of this non-GAAP financial measure also provides a meaningful basis for comparison to other financial institutions. The following table reconciles the non-GAAP financial measurement of ACL to total loans, excluding government insured residential loans, PPP loans and MWL to the comparable GAAP financial measurement of ACL to total loans at December 31, 2020 (dollars in thousands):

Total loans (GAAP)	\$ 23,866,042
Less: Government insured residential loans	1,419,074
Less: PPP loans	781,811
Less: MWL	1,259,408
Total loans, excluding government insured residential loans, PPP loans and MWL (non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 20,405,749</u>
ACL	<u>\$ 257,323</u>
ACL to total loans (GAAP)	<u>1.08 %</u>
ACL to total loans, excluding government insured residential loans, PPP loans and MWL (non-GAAP)	<u>1.26 %</u>
